

## Physics 425 Homework 1

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Due: 9/11/02 by 430 pm

### Problem 1.

Using binomial expansions to terms of order  $\frac{v^2}{c^2}$ , compare the three Doppler shift formulas:

a)  $f' = f(1 \mp \frac{v}{c})^{-1}$  moving source

b)  $f' = f(1 \pm \frac{v}{c})$  moving observer

c)  $f' = f(1 \pm \frac{v}{c})(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2})^{-1/2}$  relativistic

What is  $f'$  using these formulas if  $v/c = 0.1? = 0.5? = 0.9?$  When does the binomial expansion fail?

### Problem 2.

The potential between two atoms is sometimes given by the Leonard-Jones potential:

$$V(r) = \frac{A}{r^{12}} - \frac{B}{r^6}$$

where  $A$  and  $B$  are constants. See attached figure.

a) Eliminate  $A$  and  $B$  and rewrite  $V(r)$  in terms of the well depth  $\epsilon$ , and equilibrium separation  $r_o$ .

b) Find the frequency of oscillation near equilibrium of a particle with effective  $m$  moving in the Leonard-Jones potential. Hint: Taylor expand the rewritten  $V(r)$  around  $r_o$ .

### Problem 3.

If you are at the top of a tower of height  $h$  above the surface of the earth, show that the distance you can see along the surface of the earth is approximately  $s = \sqrt{2Rh}$ , where  $R$  is the radius of the Earth. With  $R$  in miles and  $h$  in feet, show that  $s$  is given (in miles) by  $(3h/2)^{1/2}$ . See attached figure. Hints: Express  $\frac{h}{R}$  as a  $f(\sec \theta)$ , do a Taylor expansion of  $\sec \theta$  and use  $s = R\theta$ .